

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

**NEW SOUTH WALES
PARLIAMENT.
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.**
THURSDAY, MAY 27.
THE PRESIDENT took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.
TEMPORARY SUPPLY BILL.
Mr. DOCKER moved the suspension of the standing order
submit of the passing of the Council and of the

Mr. DUCKER moved the second reading of the bill. It was authorized the Government to apply out of the Commodity Reserve Fund a sum of \$184,543 towards the service of the next year. It was with extreme regret that he made this motion but he was quite convinced that hon. members would absolutely sink for the fourth time for a temporary supply. The bill was passed with the exception of a very few votes, which were opposed; but had the Government applied for the bill, it would have been passed.

they could not consistently with their views of appropriate Government, have proceeded with public subscription. There are some important measures which it was desirable to take at this season, and therefore they had been compelled to make use of this temporary supply.

Mr. SAMUEL thought the hon. member desired to prove that the Government were not to be blamed for the present position desired to blame them and those remarks were unavailing.

Mr WILLIAM MANNING considered that Mr. Docker had been quite right in offering an explanation. He did not think these constantly recurring blunders were a disgrace to the

the best explanation. (Hear, hear.) He hoped, by some process or other, we should by this procedure get a step to it in the future. He saw great force in the objection of the Government to proceed with business after the Appropriation Bill had been passed, and there would be a tendency to hurry matters over. The bill was read a second time, committed, reported without amendment, read a third time, passed, and returned to the Legislative Assembly.

MEDICAL BILL.

The debate on the second reading of this bill was resumed. Mr. G. A. McPherson said:

Dr. Crawford then remarks that, after the address by Sir Alfred Stephen, it would have been unnecessary to mention the fact that the members of the Association were unanimous. Had not Sir Victor Manning and Professor Rammstedt argued in opposition to the bill, he should have imagined that he was listening to ignorant opposition to knowledge. He then directed his eyes while Professor Smith was speaking, but he had not doubted whether that gentleman was a supporter of those eminent Scotch physicians and surgeons who, by science, learning, and skill caused the University of Edinburgh to be the last century to rank as high as it does now. If not, he

medical school in Europe. Dr. Smith had affirmed that the healing art was an art rather than a science. He (Dr. Smith) was afraid he was not sufficiently skilled to know the difference between art and science, unless science was more knowledge. He felt art was practical experience combined with knowledge. It was obvious that knowledge of the most complicated kind was necessary to bring the healing art to perfection, not the shallow knowledge of any individual. Not even the united collection of facts of several centuries would enable a practitioner to ascertain thoroughly the nature of the maladies to which the human frame is a subject, and the resources of the human mind.

Mr. C. CAMPBELL was not reading, but speaking from a paper. He killed practitioners required a species of minute observation of the phenomena which were the result of life. Mr. Ball had spoken of one or two distinguished men who apparently had

Mr. C. CAMPBELL was not willing to enter into the question of execution. Harvey did not know where there were observation men in the wonderful discovery, but in consequence of his having made such a store of knowledge as enabled him to do so.

Mr. HOLT: He was persecuted for his discoveries.
Mr. C. CAMPBELL: What in the name of common sense, his
recognition got to do with it?
-ir ALFRED STEPHEN trusted these interruptions would be
permitted.
Mr. C. CAMPBELL proceeded. The name of Ambrose Paracelsus
referred to as another example. He was a religious

Mr. HOLT: He was persecuted by his professional brethren.

to possess the brain art as well as those who had despised their
 lives from early youth to the acquisition of the knowledge which
 which it is useless for any man to practise!
 Mr. HOLT: Under this bill their names would be transcribed
 to be registered.
 Mr. ALFRED STEPHEN rose to order. These interruptions
 are most unseemly; but some hon. gentlemen seemed to be
 incorrigible on this point.
 The PRESIDENT asked what was the point of order.
 Mr. ALFRED STEPHEN said the point of order was that no

THE PRESIDENT: Does the member intend to continue with a motion?

SEN. WALTER STEPHEN: I do not.

SIR W. A. DE THOMSON did not think that any motion was necessary; these interruptions must be obvious to anyone, and might be repressed by the President, who was particularly kind for the purpose of maintaining order. The practice of making these interruptions had only lately sprung up at the house. They had hitherto been patterns of propriety, as he ought to say. (Cheers and laughter.) But he did not think that

the case on the present occasion. Many persons called to ask me to make announcements and interruptions of this kind; the threat of their being broken by these interruptions. Every member was allowed to express his opinion upon a question of detail. It was hoped order would be maintained, and that their clamors would be put down.

Mr. HOLT rose to the point of order, and humbly intervened at Sir E. Dean-Thorpe had not set a good example, and frequently interrupted interruptions.

The PRESIDENT said he did not think the hon. gentleman was right. He thought the members should be allowed to speak.

He said he had done all in his power to suppress these interviews, Hear, hear. He had called to the attention of the Board of the member, to the fact that these interviews were undesirable. Nur had boasted lightly in making the best of it he had a motion to propose: he was only following where a proper course to adopt. If attention was called to Jimmy's conduct, there was only one way in which it could be dealt with and that was by a motion, (Hear, hear.)

Mr. C. CAMPBELL said he hoped it would be decided that he belonged to a profession in which you had to secure

ned to interruptions, and that he had not made a complaint of these interruptions. He would say that his interview remarks as to the necessity for piety and supervision practitioners in medicine and piety and necessity was first acknowledged by a ruler in the reign of Henry VIII., which required that medicine should be examined as to their qualifications, and tested by a bishop. (A laugh.) He reminded me that he had seen very much of the logic and general learning of the day as to be found in the history, and thought it might be of interest to you, and he then made a list of the names of the subjects.

of London, it was not so then. In the sixteenth century a corporation of physicians was created, and the charter was ordered to be made foreign. Soon afterwards the surgeons of the city were made one body corporate. (Laughter.) At once we included the history of the profession was aware of the fact that, until lately, the surgeons were only the servants of the physicians, and up to the time of George III. his position much inferior to what he did now occupy. At the same time it must be remembered that the barber formerly occupied a position

the social scale than what he does here," after which the speaker passed which would have delighted the people of the east of his home, friend, which made it the more difficult for subjects who had a knowledge of the national situation to be so. and of waters, to practice of the great point seen in persons who should be allowed to practice in the public. There was nothing in our laws to prevent anyone from doing what he could to relieve a person who was suffering. He had himself lived in the interior, where he was generally called upon to practice, and sometimes he had

body. (Laughter.) And he had an hereditary right to be his great-grandfather—a strange thing for a person in the Campbell's! In that day—was a medical man in London, I thought sufficient attention had not been paid to the person who was the public from apothecaries was very much qualified for their office; and he trusted that as he would be well with regard to this. The apothecaries in London were associated with the grocers, just as the grocers were associated with the barbers, and it was not until the time of Henry I. that the barbers and surgeons of London were made a distinct body.

to corporations, any law which is applied to this colony, surgeons, and apothecaries who are members in a Court of law among them they could show that the act would be practicable. The present Medical Act of England is applied to this colony, but it contained some provisions which would do well to copy. We were asked here to provide the act would be no protection for the public. The educated might require it, but the uneducated and the half-educated would have that protection. He would not wish to see any corporation penalties imposed, nor did this bill seem to be a sense there. It would be to discredit all the progress

light down by past experience if they were to accept conscious night promise and take the names or titles of the various proper qualification for the practice of the healing art, and the qualification could only be acquired by years of study. He declared that this was a gift of genius, but it was through study, observation, and experience. It was against this that the marks should be made or had been made upon the hands. These remarks had not been made by such men as Dr. W. Manning and Dr. Smith, but he should have looked over their patent this bill as the fruit of ignorance and prejudice. He said that he would do all that was necessary to answer the charges.

Dr. Smith, in reply to some of the remarks of Mr. May, pointed out that there was nothing in the bill to discriminate of homoeopathy and of hydropathy; but that there must be danger if it was carried on by certain persons. Some of the hon. members' objections might be alterations in committee, such as the provision for appeals and the imposition of penalties. The hon. member also said that the high penalty of £40 upon persons calling themselves doctors when they were not legally doctors. Certainly a deterrent precaution of this kind ought to be subject to the

[illegible]

men pre-eminently his profession it was a privilege to have them having the making of laws to provide the great mass of our uneducated and ignorant people by persons not properly qualified. It should not be allowed that the preventing a man who was not a doctor to put on his doctor-plate a statement to the effect that he was qualified as a doctor, was prevention. The very same privilege as to be found in the law relating to plate marks and the like. A writer had well said that it would always be the case that the great mass of mankind were attracted more by the outward than the inward; and if a person saw the

... (Mr. Campbell) should have suggested the President of the Board be appointed by the Board and Executive Council; this would prevent any appointment being packed. Hon. members were called upon to support the motion which was sanctioned in the practice of antiquity, although the practice of the mother country. There was an Act of Parliament in the colony regarding medical practitioners, which was deficient in this respect, that it operated differently from the practice of the mother country.

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TIN ORE.—Return of tin ore received at New castle and Murrumbidgee stations for week ending 22nd May 1876.—From Murrumbidgee to Newcastle, 10 tons 5 cwt. 0 lbs. 0 oz. From Newcastle to Sydney, 10 tons 5 cwt. 0 lbs. 0 oz.

0 prevention.

attempted agrarian murder in Ireland, an
executions of soldiers for

ABFIELD

ABFIELD

ASHFIELD.

FOUR VALUABLE BUILDING SITES, NEAR THE RESIDENCES OF S. DICKINSON ESQ., G. A. MURRAY, ESQ., IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE RAILWAY AND THE COMMON, BETWEEN ASHFIELD AND BURWOOD.

TITLE.—Under Torrens's Act.

L K. THREKELD, has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart Lane, and Estate Sales Rooms, on **THURSDAY, 10th June, at 11 o'clock.**

Four valuable building sites, near the Liverpool Road, having a frontage of 60 feet each to Brighton-street, by a depth of 320 feet.

This beautiful platform overlooking the valley looking Eastward towards the Railway Station, and is within five minutes' walk of the new Railway platform.

TITLE.—Torrens's Act.

Terms, liberal at Sale.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 28th May.

ORDER OF SALE.

CITY, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY PROPER-

GEORGE-STREET NORTH,
between Brown Esplanade and Globe-street.

GEORGE-STREET NORTH,
opposite the Mariners' Church.

KENT-STREET.

VICTORIA-STREET

THE NIL Desperandum Hotel,
No. 147; two Shops, Nos. 149 and 151; and small Shop adjoining, 85 feet frontage to George-street. Also, Land at the rear.

Corner Block of Land, George-street North and Mill-street,
adjoining the Parade.

Allotment Land, on the east side, a few feet north of King-street.

Lot 2, a superior de-

DARLINGHURST. detached family residence, and large block of land north of William-street.

SURRY HILLS. Block of Land, Fitzroy-street, west of Kilgus-street, with two cottages facing Nos. 7 and 8 Davidson-street.

ASHFIELD. Fourteen Sites, fronting William-street, and all the blocks next to the Church.

Block of Land, corner of Liverpool Road and Thomas street.

DRUITT TOWN, Burwood. Cottage and Land on Major Druitt Road, off Liverpool Road.

NEWCASTLE. Valuable City Allotment, No. 11, The Pacific.

RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.

Allotments of Land, Newtown.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by public auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY, 19th instant, at 3 o'clock,
6 beautiful villa sites, having frontages to Wilson, Forbes, and Queen streets.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

CHOICE VILLA SITES.

Fronting the Railway Line, Erskinvillie, Newtown,
Opposite the Residence of Vincent Giblin, Esq.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the Ground, immediately after the sale of the above, near the Newtown Tollbar,
6 beautiful villa sites, having frontages to Wilson, Forbes, and Queen streets.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on **the ground, on MONDAY, 31st May,** at 1 o'clock,
Vine Cottage, near the Episcopal and Baptist Churches, substantially built of brick on stone foundation, slated roof, five rooms, kitchen, and wash-house; pleasantly situated, and good supply of pure water.
Also, adjoining the above,
4 choice building allotments.
Terms at sale.
B. D. D. & Co. Auctioneers, Wellington.

CITY PROPERTY.
Splendid investment, Belle Vue Hotel, Albion and Belle
Vue streets, Albion Estate; also three Dwelling
Houses adjoining.

W. PRITCHARD has been favoured
with instructions to sell by public auction,
on a Hall, up-stairs, of the Sydney Exchange, on
THURSDAY, 5th June, at 11 o'clock.
The above newly erected and most substantially built
Property of brick on stone foundation and slated
roof, fitted up with gas, water laid on, and every
convenience.
This property is well worthy the attention of buyers
requiring a substantial investment.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY.

Splendid Business Premises and Allotment of Land,
Paddington,
Known as Mr. G. Kidman's
BRANCH GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT.

W PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Sydney Exchange, on **TUESDAY, the 8th June, at 11 o'clock,**
The above most substantially-built and convenient business premises, fit for particulars of which will appear in future advertisement.

Terms at sale.

Preliminary Advertisement.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY,
Riverside, Sydney.

Welcome Home Inn,
 Cottage Residents
 and four small houses in Sarah Ann-street, adjoining the
 Welcome Home Inn.

W. PRITCHARD has been favoured
 with instructions from James Murphy
 Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Hall upstairs of the
 Sydney Exchange, on **TUESDAY, 8th June, at 11**
 o'clock.

The above valuable property, particulars of which will
 appear in a future advertisement.

Terms, liberal, at sale.

**VILLA SITES, LEWISHAM ESTATE,
 PETERSHAM.**

CLEARANCE SALE

SATURDAY, 14th June.

W RITCHARD has been favoured with instructions from J. S. Pitt, Esq., Jun., to sell by public auction, on **FRIDAY, 12th June**, at 3 o'clock sharp, on the ground,
The remaining portion of this magnificent estate comprising about 130 large allotments well elevated, and commanding views of the railway and the country to the Blue Mountains.
Also, **TWO COMMODIOUS VILLA RESIDENCES, JUST COMPLETED.**
A special train will take intending purchasers to the ground.

Terms Liberal.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

Sale by order of the Mortgagees.
REMAINDER OF LEASE.
MACQUARIE'S PATENT SLIP, NEWCASTLE,
 with all Plant, Working Gear, and other effects.
SHIP IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION.
GILCHRIST and WESTON are favoured
 with instructions from the mortgagees to sell by
 public auction, at their Rooms, 5, Spring-street, on MON-
 DAY, the 31st of May, instant, at 11 a.m.,
 All the unexpired term of a lease of a parcel of land,
 situate on the north shore of the
HARBOUR OF NEWCASTLE,

1000 ft. x 12 ft. x 8 ft. at the yearly rental of
 \$350 sterling. Together with
THE PATENT SLIP,
 works, steam engine, plant, machinery, and other
 working gear and effects, in connection therewith,
 and
MACCAULEY'S PATENT SLIP, NEWCASTLE
 With the above, will be sold
THE SAIP NOW BEING CONSTRUCTED
 on the ground, and the ship-building materials
 on the ground, whether employed in the con-
 struction of the said ship or otherwise. Also, six
 horses power donkey engine, with boiler and gear
 attached to a crane.
 The auctioneers beg to call the special attention of ship-
 builders and others to this property, as one ensuring, with
 ordinary management, a large and lucrative business.
 Further particulars on application.
 NO FEE. NO EXTRA cash.

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, which appears to be a directory or a list of contacts. The names are written in a cursive script, and the addresses are listed below them. The list includes names such as "J. H. Smith", "W. J. Jones", and "A. B. Brown".

Sharp :- Barff, Buckland, Campbell, Carruthers, Day,
Elder, Flynn, Gibbes, Jack-on, Kelly, Maber, Powell,
Baper, Waugh, Williamson, A. Buckland. T. Powell, sec.

George and Bathurst streets.

5s Tickets—Ladies, 10s 6d; gentlemen, 12s 6d; double, 21s; children, 5s.

To be had from any member of the Committee, the Hon. Secretaries, Mr. J. R. CLARKE, Music Repository, 317, George-street; and from Mr. KIRBY, Pitt-street, opposite Farmer and Co.'s.

A USTRALIAN JOCKEY CLUB.
GREAT METROPOLITAN TAKES.
350 SOVS. with a sweepstake of 20 SOVS. each added.
Entrances enclosing 380VS part of sweepstakes, must

Walter of account and audit undertaken on reasonable terms. Having had fifteen years' experience in business in Sydney, Mr. DeLoitte is qualified to carry out properly any matter entrusted to his care.

Advances on Work Acc. consigned to him for sale.
Sydney, 22nd March, 1876.

£5 REWARD will be given for information that will lead to the conviction of the person who broke a pane of glass with a stone on my establishment on Wednesday night. JAMES CLARK, 614, George-st.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT TO MDLLE.

PHE undergarment until June 19. Henry Forrester, Secretary to the Medical Committee, Pittsburg, Walsend, near Newcastle, N. B. W.

PHOTOGRAPHY - Want-d, LADY CLOSER (ST. M. W. Greenfield 328, G. age 24-25).

PRAKTIKER with £100 - required a gentleman with some business experience, to j in advertisement in London a lone bid remuneration but a already established. Address "Fides," G. P. O.

SHIRT HANDS wanted: also Laiders and Improvers to the Tailoring 217, Lower G. age street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Asher, Elizabeth and Allen's streets, opp. Park.

WANTED a good General SERVANT; high wages, 247, Pitt-street, next Theatre.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 315, Up or Dowling-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Phillips, 46, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a first-class WAITRESS. Apply 241, Lower George-street.

As the above rule is rendered necessary, consequent
of false and malicious notices having been sent for publication
for the purpose of annoying respectable persons.

**SYDNEY MORNING HERALD MONTHLY
SUMMARY OF NEWS,** published expressly for
transmission abroad. Subscription, 5s per annum, payable
in advance. Single copies, stamped, 1d., to be had of all
news-agents.

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